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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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09/646,748

12/11/2000

Julio Boza

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10/16/2006

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Chicago, IL 60690-1135

EXAMINER

MOHAMED, ABDEL A

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

1654

DATE MAILED: 10/16/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/646,748

Applicant(s)

BOZA, JULIO

Examiner

Abdel A. Mohamed

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 August 2006.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-16 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

ACKNOWLEDGMENT TO REMARKS AND STATUS OF THE CLAIMS

1. The remarks filed 08/03/06 is acknowledged, entered and considered. Claims 1-16 are now pending in the application. The rejections under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) and 35 U.S.C. 103(a) over the prior art of record are maintained for the reasons set forth in the previous Office action.

ARGUMENTS ARE NOT PERSUASIVE

CLAIMS REJECTION-35 U.S.C. § 102(b)

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) The invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2 and 6 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by the product 100% Whey Protein 5 lbs, which is available in the market by Optimum Nutrition.

Applicant's arguments filed 08/03/06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant has argued that the Patent Office has failed to demonstrate that *Optimum Nutrition* was on sale before the priority date of the present application (i.e., March 31, 1998). Moreover, the Patent Office has failed to show that any earlier version of the product of *Optimum Nutrition* was identical to that now sold. Accordingly, the rejection of claims 1-2 and 6 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) be withdrawn is

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unpersuasive. Contrary to Applicant's arguments, the Examiner has provided a supplemental Office action mailed 05/08/06 as Paper No. 20060504 to clarify the date of public sale for the product 100% Whey Protein applied in 102(b) and 103(a) rejections of the Office action mailed 05/05/06 as Paper No. 20060427. The Costello's Catalog cited on PTO-892 and provided to Applicant in which *Optimum Nutrition* put their 100% whey product on sale (i.e., in the market) in Fall 1997 as evidenced in the provided Costello's Catalog that lists 100% Whey Protein Product (code 02-288 and 02-289, available in the 2# size in chocolate and vanilla flavors). Thus, the Patent Office has clearly demonstrated that *Optimum Nutrition* was on sale before the priority date of the present application (i.e., 03/31/98), and as such, the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) for claims 1, 2 and 6 is maintained for the reasons of record.

CLAIMS REJECTION-35 U.S.C. § 103(a)

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-16 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the product 100% Whey Protein 5 lbs, which is available in the market by Optimum Nutrition taken with Ballevre et al (U.S. Patent No. 5,849,335).

Applicant has argued that one of ordinary skill in the art would not be motivated to combine *Optimum Nutrition* and Ballevre to arrive at the present claims. Ballevre discloses that carob protein comprises about 40% to about 100% by weight of the protein source of its nutritional composition, which results in the protein source in Ballevre containing a minimum of "about 40%" of the protein source of carob. Because Ballevre teaches that it is essential to retain carob protein, it teaches away from a combination with *Optimum Nutrition* that is directed to a product comprising 100% whey proteins. If the proposed modification would render the prior art invention being modified unsatisfactory for its intended purposes, then there is no suggestion or motivation to make the proposed modification is unpersuasive.

Contrary to Applicant's arguments, the claims of the instantly claimed invention are broad because claims 1-16 are directed to methods for increasing glutamine by using whey protein or a protein mixture administered to a patient to increase plasma glutamine concentration in stressed mammal (claim 1), to increase muscle glutamine concentration in mammal (claim 2), to use as nutritional/therapeutic composition to a mammal suffering from injured, diseased or under-developed intestines (claim 3), wherein the mammal is a pre-term infant having an under-developed intestines (claim 4), wherein the protein is hydrolyzed (claims 5 and 6) and having the various molecular weights recited in claim 7, wherein the protein source provide energy of the nutritional

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composition thereof (claims 8, 11 and 14), wherein the nutritional composition further includes a lipid source (claims 9, 12 and 15) and wherein the nutritional composition includes carbohydrate source (claims 10, 13 and 16).

The Examiner acknowledges that the primary reference of *Optimum Nutrition* teaches the use of a nutritional composition comprising 100% whey protein for dietary supplement, however, the secondary reference of Ballevre et al ('335 patent) teaches a nutritional composition comprising a protein source including whey protein and a protein mixture having the amino acid profile of whey protein which is administered to stressed patients to increase the plasma glutamine concentration, or administered as nutritional support for increasing muscle glutamine concentration in athletes after exercise, or administered to patients suffering from injured or diseased intestines or to maintain the physiological functions of the intestines particularly in under-developed intestines (e.g., a pre-term infant or babies) as disclosed on the abstract; col. 1, lines 44-50; col. 3, lines 1-25; col. 6, lines 13-38; claims 24, 26-28 and 30. Thus, clearly meeting the limitations of claims 1-4.

On col. 4, the '335 patent discloses the use of nutritional composition wherein the whey protein is hydrolyzed whey protein, the protein source provides about 10% to about 30% of the energy of the nutritional composition, the nutritional composition further includes a lipid source which provides about 20% to about 40% of the energy of the nutritional composition and the lipid source comprises a mixture of medium chain and long chain fatty acids, and as such meet the limitations of claims 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, 12, 14 and 15. The secondary reference also discloses a nutritional composition which

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further includes a carbohydrate source which provide about 35% to about 60% of the energy of the nutritional composition and as such meet the limitations of claim 10, 13 and 16 (See e.g., col. 2, lines 46-64; col. 4, lines 4-56 and Examples 2-4).

Therefore, given the teachings of the product of primary reference of Optimum Nutrition which teaches the use of nutritional composition of 100% whey protein for dietary supplement, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated at the time the invention was made to adapt the above scheme of the administration of nutritional composition, which contains whey protein (or a protein mixture which stimulates its acid profile) as a protein source for the same purposes (i.e., for increasing glutamine levels in plasma or muscle of a stressed patient, pre-term baby or athletes) of the secondary reference of '335 patent. Further, such features are known or suggested in the art, as seen in the secondary reference, and including such features into the composition/formulation of the primary reference would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to obtain the known and recognized functions and advantages thereof.

Therefore, the combined teachings of the cited references makes obvious the claimed invention because at the time the invention was made based on the combined teachings of the cited references and for the reasons given above, one of ordinary skill in the art would have easily adapt of using the already known process of the whey protein hydrolysate comprising glutamine for nutritional purposes (i.e., a metabolic process), which is a mechanism wherein the sum total of chemical and physical processes within the body related to release of energy by the breakdown of chemical

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fuel and the use of that energy by the cells for their own work. Thus, the combined teachings of the cited references clearly showing the known principles of physiology that naturally occurs after intake of food or meal that increases plasma glutamine concentration in mammals, increases muscle glutamine concentration in mammal and provides treatment to patients suffering from injured, diseased or under-developed intestines.

Accordingly, claims 1-16 are *prima facie* obvious over the combined teachings of the cited references, because it is an obvious modification of the cited references combined teachings for a nutritional composition including a protein source having at least 80% by weight of a component selected from either whey protein or a mixture which stimulates the amino acid profile of whey protein consisting of approximately 80% to about 90% by weight for nutritional purposes in the manner claimed. Thus, it is made obvious by the combined teachings of the prior art since the instantly claimed invention which falls within the scope of the prior art teachings would have been obvious because as held in host of cases including *Ex parte Harris*, 748 O.G. 586; *In re Rosselete*, 146 USPQ 183; *In re Burgess*, 149 USPQ 355 and as exemplified by *In re Betz*, "the test of obviousness is not express suggestion of the claimed invention in any and all of the references but rather what the references taken collectively would suggest to those of ordinary skill in the art presumed to be familiar with them".

ACTION IS FINAL

4. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

CONCLUSION AND FUTURE CORRESPONDANCE

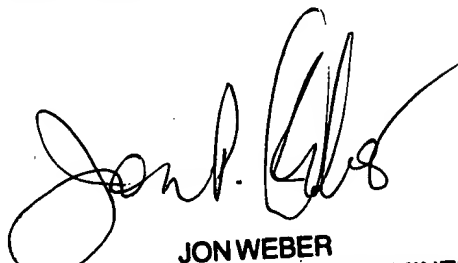
5. No claim is allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Abdel A. Mohamed whose telephone number is (571) 272 0955. The examiner can normally be reached on First Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tsang Cecilia can be reached on (571) 272 0562. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.



JON WEBER
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

 Mohamed/AAM

October 6, 2006